

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Date of Issue: 06/05/2019

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: McGregor Kickstarter Corn

1.2. Intended Use of the Product Liquid fertilizer

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

The McGregor Company

PO Box 740; 401 Colfax Airport Rd.

Colfax, WA 99111 T 509-397-4355

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC – TOLL FREE 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER;

1-800-424-9300 (Account Number: 14045)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Water	AQUA / Aqua	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	34.555832 - 37.432082	Not classified
Ammonium polyphosphate	Polyphosphoric acids, ammonium salts	(CAS-No.) 68333-79-9	25.986312	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Urea	Carbamide / Carbonyl diamide / UREA / Carbonic acid diamide	(CAS-No.) 57-13-6	8.970566 - 15.103316	Comb. Dust

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 1/7

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Ammonium nitrate	Ammonium(I) nitrate (1:1) / Nitric acid, ammonium salt / Nitric acid ammonium salt / Nitric acid ammonium salt (1:1)	(CAS-No.) 6484-52-2	11.394648	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Ammonium sulfate	Ammonium sulfate (2:1) / Ammonium sulphate / Diammonium sulfate / Sulfuric acid diammonium salt / Sulfuric acid, diammonium salt / Sulfuric acid ammonium salt (1:2) / AMMONIUM SULFATE / Diammonium sulphate	(CAS-No.) 7783-20-2	4.875 - 8.1315	Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and possibly shock.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures. Contains substances that are oxidizers when in solid form. May cause fire or explosion if allowed to dry.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. **Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur oxides. Oxides of zinc. Phosphorus oxides. Ammonia. Isocyanic acid. Phosphoric acid. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Manganese oxides. Sodium oxides.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray).

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 2/7

Safety Data Shee

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Contains substances that are oxidizers when in solid form. May cause fire or explosion if allowed to dry. When heated, urea releases ammonia and when heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides (NOx), ammonia, and cyanuric acid.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. reactive metals (Al, K, Zn ...). Nitrites. Chlorites.

7.3. Specific End Use(s) Liquid fertilizer

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Urea (57-13-	5)	
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing Hand Protection

Eye and Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection

- : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- : Wear protective gloves.
- : Chemical safety goggles.
- : Wear suitable protective clothing.
- : If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 3/7

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid

Appearance : Dark, black liquid
Odor : No data available
Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 6.09

Evaporation Rate : No data available : No data available **Melting Point Freezing Point** : No data available **Boiling Point** : No data available **Flash Point** : Not applicable **Auto-ignition Temperature** : No data available **Decomposition Temperature** : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable **Vapor Pressure** : No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C : No data available : No data available **Relative Density** Solubility : No data available Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water No data available Viscosity : No data available

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. reactive metals (Al, K, Zn ...). Nitrites. Chlorites.
- **10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Nitrogen compounds. Sulfur oxides. Oxides of zinc. Phosphorus oxides. Ammonia. Isocyanic acid. Phosphoric acid. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Oxides of manganese. Sodium oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

McGregor Kickstarter Corn		
ATE (Oral)	1,056.82 mg/kg body weight	
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat	2217 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 88.8 mg/l/4h	
Urea (57-13-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	8471 mg/kg	
Ammonium polyphosphate (68333-79-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	300 - 2000 mg/kg	
Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)		

Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2840 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6.09

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 6.09

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 4/7

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Nitrate compounds	
IARC group 2A	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. **Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and possibly shock.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	542 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	555 mg/l
Urea (57-13-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	16200 - 18300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Poecilia reticulata)
EC50 Daphnia 1	3910 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
Ammonium polyphosphate (68333-79-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
LC50 Fish 2	123 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	53 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	121.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

McGregor Kickstarter Corn	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

McGregor Kickstarter Corn		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)		
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Log Pow	-3.1 (at 25 °C)	
Urea (57-13-6)		
BCF Fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-1.59 (at 25 °C)	
Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)		
Log Pow	-5.1 (at 25 °C)	

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 5/7

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods 13.1.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport 14.2.

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. **US Federal Regulations**

McGregor Kickstarter Corn	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Ammonium nitrato (6/9/ E2 2)	

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Urea (57-13-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Ammonium polyphosphate (68333-79-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Zinc compounds

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting

Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. US State Regulations

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Nitrate compounds

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Zinc compounds

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Ammonium sulfate (7783-20-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision

: 06/05/2019

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

06/05/2019 6/7 EN (English US)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation: dust, mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidizing solids Category 3
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard

: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before

ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard

even under fire conditions.



This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

06/05/2019 EN (English US) 7/7